



Colegio Alborada
English Departament
Miss Paula Recabal
Nivel: 4to medio

Objetivo: Uso correcto de cero y primer condicional, presente simple y continuo.

Comprensión de textos escritos. Reconocer uso de vocabulario trabajado el año anterior.

ZERO CONDITIONAL

REMEMBER

Structure

IF + Present Simple, Present Simple.

Usage

To talk about things that are always true,
like a scientific fact

Examples

- If you **freeze** water, it **turns** into ice.
- And, if you **heat** water at 100 degrees, it **boils**.

CHOOSE THE BEST SENTENCES BELOW

- (A) When I stay up late, I am tired the next morning.
(B) When I am tired the next morning, I stay up late.
- (A) My little brother cries when he loses games.
(B) My little brother loses games when he cries.
- (A) Coffee tastes better when you add a little sugar.
(B) When coffee tastes better, you add a little sugar.
- (A) When I stay at home, I usually feel sick.
(B) I usually stay at home when I feel sick.
- (A) When I start to lose weight, I go on a diet.
(B) When I go on a diet, I start to lose weight.
- (A) If it rains, I take my umbrella to work.
(B) If I take my umbrella to work, it rains.
- (A) When Thomas watches his favorite TV program, he feels bored.
(B) Thomas watches his favorite TV when he feels bored.
- (A) Carla cries when she watches sad movies.
(B) When Carla cries, she watches sad movies.

MATCH THE CLAUSES BELOW

- If am late for classes _____ if they don't eat.
- When he stays up very late _____ she likes to eat popcorn
- People get hungry, _____ you get good grades in school.
- If you study hard _____ my teacher gets angry.
- When she watches a movie _____ he is very tired the next morning.

FIRST CONDITIONAL

REMEMBER

Structure

IF + Simple Present, Simple Future

(S + will/won't + V(bare form))

Usage

To talk about possibilities in the present
or in the future

Examples

- If it **rains**, I **will stay** at home.
- If I **wake** up late, I **will miss** the bus.



Complete using First conditional

1. If you _____ (send) this letter now, She _____ (receive) tomorrow.
2. Peggy _____ (go) shopping if she _____ (have) time.
3. I _____ (not water) the plants if tomorrow _____ (rain)
4. If he _____ (get) a cheap flight, Simon _____ (go) to Brazil.
5. If her boyfriend _____ (not call) she _____ (be) mad.
6. You _____ (have) a good signal if you _____ (go) outside.
7. If my dad _____ (not go) to the reunion my mom _____ (not know) my marks.
8. If Rick _____ (drive) too fast he _____ (have) an accident.

COMPLETE THE NEXT SENTENCES, USING FIRST CONDITIONAL

1. If you ... some eggs, I ... some coffee.
a) will cook / make
b) cook / will make
2. My brother ... his car this afternoon if he ... enough time.
a) will wash / has
b) wash / will have
3. James ... some books if he ... to the library.
a) will borrow / goes
b) borrows / will go
4. If I ... more money, I ... a bank machine.
a) need / will find
b) will need / find
5. Sarah ... a doctor if she still ... sick tomorrow,
a) sees / will feel
b) will see / feels
6. We ... a movie tonight if we ... bored.
a) watch / will feel
b) will watch / feel
7. If our class ... early, I ... home and study.
a) finishes / will go
b) will finish / go
8. If Thomas and Michael ... my help later, I ... them.
a) will need / help
b) need / will help

PRESENT SIMPLE/PRESENT CONTINUOUS

| PRESENT SIMPLE & PRESENT CONTINUOUS | |
|--|--|
| Present Simple | Present Continuous |
| S + verb | S + am/is/are (not) + V-ing |
| Express general truths E.g. It rarely rains in the desert. | Describe actions happening now E.g. She is reading a newspaper upstairs. |
| Indicate present habits E.g. The birds return to the island every morning. | Express annoying habits (+ always) E.g. You're always forgetting to pay the bills. |
| Express timetable events E.g. The plane to London takes off at 6:30 a.m. | Describe future arrangements (informal) E.g. She's getting married on 3 November. |
| Indicate permanent states E.g. I like the new James Bond film. | Express temporary states E.g. She's working at the museum until the end of this month. |

REMEMBER

CIRCLE THE COORECT ALTERNATIVE

- I do/am doing my homework every weekend
- My grandma is in the garden. She is cutting/ cuts the grass.
- Simon has/ is having a soccer training every Monday and Friday.
- Frank`s dad is working/works in Australia this month
- The students are recycling/ recycle during this month
- Carol is not hearing/ doesn't hear what you are saying/ say in this moment.
- My classmates always organizing/organize a celebration when the semester ends.
- I love when the leaves are falling/fall during the autumn.
- The washing machine doesn`t work/ is not working, so I can`t wash my pants.
- I practice/ am practicing snowboard during the winter.

I am watching TV and my brother ... a book.

- a) reading
- b) is reading
- c) reads

Thomas and Patrick ... outside in the yard now.

- a) are playing
- b) is playing
- c) plays

I ... dinner because we ordered pizza a few minutes ago.

- a) am not making
- b) don't make
- c) not make

My brother ... his favorite TV program every evening.

- a) watches
- b) watch
- c) watching

READING COMPREHENSION

The weather affects everyone, and everyone has something to say about the weather. This is especially true in a country like the UK that has very changeable weather. In the UK the weather from one day to the next can be completely different, or even from the morning to the afternoon. The weather can change from being rainy one day to sunny the next, or from strong wind and gales in the morning to snow in the afternoon.

In the UK there are four seasons, spring, summer, autumn and winter, and the weather is different in each of them. However, there is not a sudden change between the seasons. The end of the winter season is the same as the start of the spring season. It takes several weeks for the weather to change enough for people to notice the difference.

The summer is the season with the best weather. In general, it is hot and sunny with only a little rain sometimes. However, it can sometimes be cold and wet for one or two weeks at a time. British people like to spend a lot of time outside when it is nice in the summer. After the summer is the autumn. In this season the weather gets colder and there are stronger winds, also it will rain more. All the leaves will start to fall off the trees as it is cold. Frost might start to form on the ground towards the end of the autumn.

Winter is the coldest season in the UK. The temperature will often be at zero degrees Celsius. This means that ice will often form on the ground overnight where there were puddles. This makes it difficult to walk sometimes. There might also be snow, but the UK does not get much snow, mainly just cold rain in the winter. Then when winter ends the spring starts. The temperature will start to get warmer and the winds will not be as strong. Plants start to grow again and new leaves form. It is always nice when the spring starts as it means the nice weather in the summer is nearly back again.

Many people in the UK complain about the weather, but as the weather changes so much it is very interesting and gives the people something to talk about all year round.

VOCABULARY

GROUND: SUELO OVERNIGHT: POR LA NOCHE PUDDLES:CHARCOS STRONG:FUERTE
GROW:CRECER LEAVES:HOJAS WET:HUMEDO FROST: ESCARCHA

1) How can the weather in the UK be described?

- A) Boring B) We C) Changeable D) Humid

2) How quickly can the weather change?

- A) From one week to the next. B) From one morning to afternoon.
C) From one day to the next day. D) The weather does not change much.

3) How many seasons are there in the UK?

- A) Two B) Three C) Four D) Five

4) When will frost first start to form on the ground?

- A) In the spring B) In the summer C) In the autumn D) In the winter

5) Why do people like the spring?

- A) It means the summer is nearly back. B) It is not winter.
C) It is the shortest season. D) It only happens every other year.

6) When frost start?

- A) when spring ends B) winter C) when autumn ends D) when winter starts