



Objetivo: Expresar preferencias y describir vestimentas.

Uso correcto de presente simple y continuo, adverbios de frecuencia, verbos modales, adjetivos posesivos y cuantificadores.

Comprensión de textos escritos.

LIKES AND DISLIKES



Complete the sentences using, love, like, don't like or hate in the right form.



SOFIA LIKES WATCHING VIDEOS

SOFIA DOESN'T LIKE COOKING

PETER AND SOFIA LIKE PLAYING SOCCER

THEY DON'T LIKE GETTING UP EARLY.

	Peter	Susan	Cindy	John	Tom

1. Peter loves _____ but he hates _____

2. Susan _____ reading but She doesn't like _____

3. Cindy hates _____ but she likes _____

4. John _____ but _____

5. Tom _____ but _____

6. Peter _____ but _____

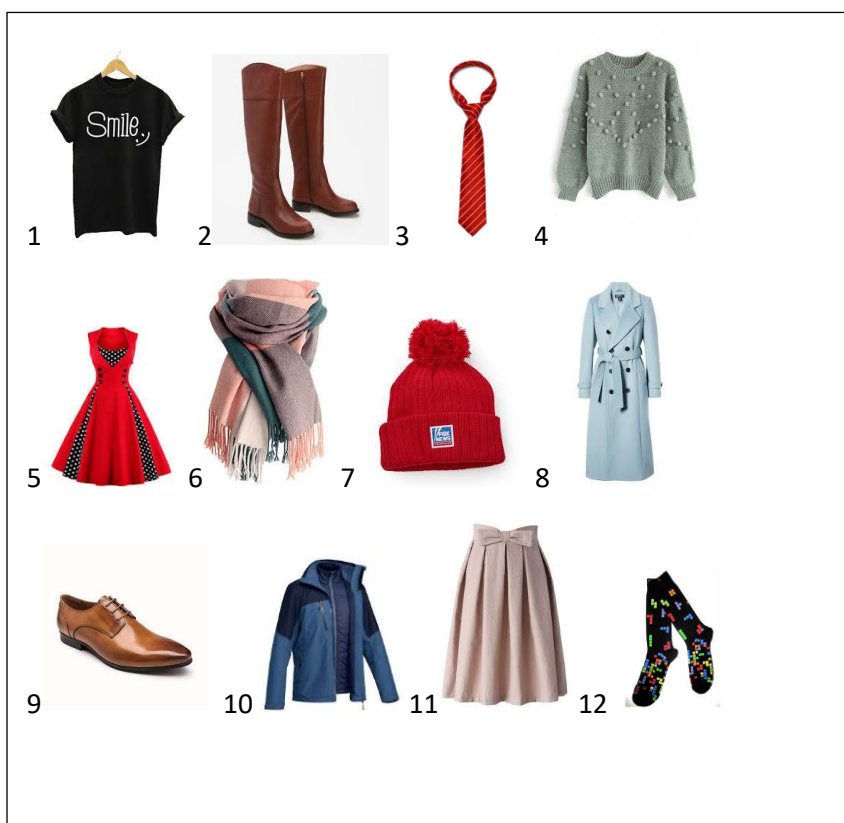
7. Susan _____ but _____

8. Cindy _____ but _____

VOCABULARY

Unscramble the words and match them to the correct picture

OSBTO _____ N^o _____
 CRFSA _____ N^o _____
 THA _____ N^o _____
 SESOH _____ N^o _____
 ASWRETE _____ N^o _____
 CTOA _____ N^o _____
 TJAECK _____ N^o _____
 EIT _____ N^o _____
 KTRSI _____ N^o _____
 HRITS _____ N^o _____
 SKSOC _____ N^o _____
 SRDSE _____ N^o _____



PRESENT SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS

Fill in the blanks below to complete the sentences. Use the words in the above boxes.


EXAMPLE: WE ARE CLEANING THE HOUSE NOW. (CLEAN/WE/HOUSE)

1. _____ (Steven / make / dinner/always)
2. _____ (they / eat / lunch?/in this moment)
3. _____ (my friend and I / talk/every day)
4. _____ (birds / sing/now)
5. _____ (why / you / laugh?)
6. _____ (John / not swim / at the beach now)

Write the verbs in brackets in Simple Present or Present Progressive

1. My mother _____ breakfast now. (to make)
2. We never _____ TV in the morning. (to watch)
3. Listen! Sandy _____ in the bathroom. (to sing)
4. Every day his grandfather _____ for a walk. (to go)
5. I _____ with my friend at the moment. (to chat)
6. Cats _____ mice (to eat)
7. Every Monday, Sally (drive) _____ her kids to football practice.
8. Don't forget to take your umbrella. It (rain) _____.
9. I'm sorry I can't hear what you _____ (say) because everybody _____ (talk) so loudly.

QUANTIFIERS

<p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">Much</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-WITH UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS -IN NEGATIVE AND INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES</p>	<p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">Many</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-WITH COUNTABLES NOUNS -IN NEGATIVE AND INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES</p>	<p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">A lot of</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-WITH COUNTABLES AND UNCOUNTABLES NOUNS -IN AFFIRMATIVE SENTENCES</p>
<p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">(A) Few</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-A FEW WITH COUNTABLE NOUNS WHEN THE QUANTITY IS ENOUGH BUT NOT BIG.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">FEW</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-WITH COUNTABLE NOUNS WHEN THE QUANTITY IS NOT ENOUGH</p>	<p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">(A) little</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-A LITTLE WITH COUNTABLE NOUNS WHEN THE QUANTITY IS ENOUGH BUT NOT BIG.</p> <p style="text-align: center; color: #00AEEF;">LITTLE</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- WITH COUNTABLE NOUNS WHEN THE QUANTITY IS NOT ENOUGH</p>	 <p style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; color: white;">REMEMBER</p>

FILL IN MUCH/MANY

1. How _____ animals are there in the picture?
2. There aren't _____ flowers in the garden.
3. Lisa doesn't have _____ friends.
4. Hurry up! We haven't got _____ time left.
5. There is too _____ noise in the classroom.
6. There are not _____ tourists.

FILL IN FEW/A FEW/ LITTLE/ A LITTLE/ LOT OF

1. I take only _____ sugar in my tea.
2. There is _____ lemonade left. We need to buy more.
3. There were very _____ people at the meeting yesterday.
4. She has _____ friends, always is busy.

READING COMPREHENSION

My name is Alison Kays. I am a zoologist and I work to preserve and save endangered species, that is animals which are disappearing from our planet, because of the changes in climate, hunting, or poaching, and the destruction of their habitat.

I have just come back from the last World Wildlife Conference on trade in Endangered Species in Geneva

Do you know that one of the last male white rhinos has now died and here are some estimates for some very emblematic animals : There are only about 790 mountain gorillas left, less than 2,000 giant pandas, between 2,000 and 2.500 Bengal tigers, between 7,000 and 7,100 cheetahs , about 460 condors, less than 60 Amur leopards, between 3,500 and 7,000 snow leopards, 80% of the population of the white shark has disappeared in less than 15 years, 80% of the population of the Irrawaddy dolphin has disappeared in the last 50 years.

Many species are nearly extinct in the wild and can only be seen in zoos!! With the ice disappearing at the poles, polar bears are threatened (there are only between 22,000 and 31,000 left). Elephants are killed for the ivory of their tusks, their meat or body parts (only 350,000 are still alive in Africa), rhinos are killed just for their horns as well, which are reduced to powder and supposed to have medical power. The destruction of big forests leads to the death of many species of animals and plants. We are watching the forests of Amazonia, Africa, Siberia and other places burning and with them many animals dying. And what about whales where hunting is still going on?? Even the bees are dying massively because of too many pesticides and don't forget that if they do disappear, men will follow soon after. Politicians must realize that if they do not do anything about that, it will no longer be a question of economic growth but of the survival of the entire humanity.

So it is our responsibility and yours as well, you young generations to do our best to preserve the biodiversity of our planet!!

I. ANSWER THE QUESTION.

1 Who is speaking ? What's her job ? _____

2 What are the most endangered animals ? _____

3 Why are Polar bears in danger ? _____

4 What is about and What are the factors which explain that phenomenon ?
